# **CHOLESTEROL**

(CHOD / PAP method)

## INTRODUCTION

Cholesterol is essential structural component of cell membranes and precursor of bile acids and all steroids hormones. This is why cholesterol has enormous significance for organism normal functioning. But there is also well established association between blood cholesterol concentration and coronary heart disease. Measurement of cholesterol serum level is valuable in prevention and monitoring cardiovascular disease. This determination is useful also for evaluation of intestine absorption, liver and gallbladder function.

#### METHOD PRINCIPLE

Enzymatic, colorimetric method with cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase (CHOD/PAP).

----> cholesterol + fatty acids

CHE

Cholesterol + O2-----> cholest-4-en-3-one + H2O2 POD

2 H2O2 + 4-aminoantipyrine + phenol ------ > quinoneimine dye + 4H2O

(Red coloured)

The colour intensity is proportional to the cholesterol concentration.

#### KIT CONTENTS

cholesteryl esters + H2O --

| Reagent Name              | Pack Size |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| R1 - Cholesterol Reagent  | 2 x 50 ml |
| R2 - Cholesterol standard | 2 ml      |

Refer Standard vial mentioned the concentration of cholesterol standard.

## WORKING REAGENT PREPARATION AND STABILITY

The reagent is ready to use.

The reagent when stored at 2-8°C is stable up to expiry date printed on the package. The reagents are stable for 8 weeks on board the analyser at 2-10°C. Protect from light and avoid contamination.

## CONCENTRATIONS IN THE TEST

| Good's buffer (pH 6.4)     | 100 mmol/l    |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Phenol                     | 5 mmol/l      |
| 4-aminoantipyrine          | 0.3 mmol/l    |
| Cholesterol esterase (CHE) | > 3.2 µkat/l  |
| Cholesterol oxidase (CHO)  | > 1.67 µkat/l |
| Peroxidase (POD)           | > 50 µkat/l   |
| Phosphotungstic Acid       | 2.4 mmol/l    |
| Magnesium Chloride         | 25 mg/dl      |

### Warnings and notes

- Product for in vitro diagnostic use only.
- The reagents are usable when the absorbance of the working reagent is less than 0.150 (read against distilled water, wavelength  $\lambda$ =500 nm, cuvette l=1 cm, at temp. 25°C).
- The reagent and standards contain 0.09% sodium azide as a preservative. Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.



#### ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Automatic analyzer or photometer able to read at 500 nm (Hg 546 nm)
- Thermostat at 37°C
- · General laboratory equipment

#### SPECIMEN

Serum, EDTA or heparinized plasma (recommended: heparine lithium, sodium or ammonium salt) free from hemolysis.

Blood should be collected only if the patient has been fasting for minimum of 12 hours. Before blood collection patient should stay in rest position for about 30 minutes. Venous blood is recommended for cholesterol measurement.

Plasma cholesterol values have been reported to be 3% to 5% lower than serum cholesterol values.

Serum should be separated from red blood cells as soon as possible after blood collection.

Serum and plasma can be stored up to 3 days at 2-8°C or 6 months at -20°C. Nevertheless it is recommended to perform the assay with freshly collected samples.

#### **PROCEDURE for CHOLESTEROL**

These reagents may be used both for manual assay (Sample Start and Reagent Start method) and in several automatic analyzers. **Programme Sheets** are available on request.

| Wavelength  | 500 nm         |
|-------------|----------------|
| Temperature | 20-25°C / 37°C |
| Cuvette     | 1 cm           |

| Reagent  | Blank (B) | Standard (S) | Test (T) |
|--|-----------|--------------|----------|
| R1 Cholesterol Reagent                               | 1000 µl   | 1000 µ1      | 1000 µ1  |
| Bring up the temperature of determination. Then add, |           |              |          |
| Distilled water                                      | 10 µ1     |              |          |
| R2 - Cholesterol standard                            |           | 10 µ1        |          |
| Sample   |           |              | 10 µ1    |

Mix well, incubate for 5 min. at  $37^{\circ}$ C or 10 min. at  $20^{-}25^{\circ}$ C. Read the absorbance of the test A(T) and standard A(S) against reagent blank (RB).

#### CALCULATION

Cholesterol concentration = A(T) / A(S) x standard concentration

#### **REFERENCE VALUES**

| Children < 4 Weeks | 50 to 170 mg / dl     |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 to 12 months     | 60 to 190 mg / dl     |
| > 1 year           | 110 to 230 mg / dl $$ |
| adults             | < 200  mg / dl        |

It is recommended for each laboratory to establish its own reference ranges for local population.

## QUALITY CONTROL

To Ensure adequate quality control, each run should include assayed normal and abnormal controls. If commercial controls are not available it is recommended that known value samples be aliguoted, frozen and used as controls.

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

• Sensitivity / Limit of Quantitation: 1.6 mg/dl (0.041 mmol/l)

• Linearity: up to 750 mg/dl (19.4 mmol/l)

Specificity / Interferences

Haemoglobin up to 2.5 g/dl, ascorbate up to 62 mg/l, triglycerides up to 500 mg/dl and bilirubin up to 20 mg/dl do not interfere with the test.

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT

Please refer to local legal requirements

#### LITERATURE

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## SYSTEM PARAMETERS

| Method                 | End Point           |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| Wavelength             | 505 nm              |
| Zero Setting           | Reagent blank       |
| Temperature Setting    | 37° C               |
| Incubation Temperature | 37° C               |
| Incubation Time        | 5 mins              |
| Delay Time             |                     |
| Read Time              |                     |
| No. of Reading         |                     |
| Interval Time          |                     |
| Sample Volume          | 0.01 ml (10 ul)     |
| Reagent Volume         | 1.0 ml (1000 ul)    |
| Standard Concentration | Refer standard vial |
| Units                  | mg / dl             |
| Factor                 |                     |
| Reaction Slope         | Increasing          |
| Linearity              | 750 mg / dl         |

## IVD

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